

In-Class Exercise Diffusion Coefficient SOLUTION

1. The diffusion coefficient of oxygen ions in cubic zirconia was found experimentally

$$\text{to be } D_o = 3.4 \times 10^{-3} \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{s}}$$

$$Q, E_A = 0.99 \text{ eV}$$

Reference: M. Kilo, C. Argirusis, G. Borchardt, and R.A. Jackson, "Oxygen diffusion in yttria stabilized zirconia – experimental results and molecular dynamics calculations," *Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys.*, **5** (2003) 2219-2224.

Each team member calculate D for a different temperature (300-1250K) and generate a plot.

$$D_{300} = D_o \exp\left\{-\frac{Q}{kT}\right\} = 3.4 \times 10^{-3} \cdot \text{cm}^2 / \text{s} \bullet \exp\left\{-\frac{0.99 \cdot \text{eV}}{86.20 \times 10^{-6} \cdot \text{eV} / \text{K} \bullet 300 \cdot \text{K}}\right\}$$

$$= 8.0 \times 10^{-20} \cdot \text{cm}^2 / \text{s}$$

$$D_{500} = D_o \exp\left\{-\frac{Q}{kT}\right\} = 3.4 \times 10^{-3} \cdot \text{cm}^2 / \text{s} \bullet \exp\left\{-\frac{0.99 \cdot \text{eV}}{86.20 \times 10^{-6} \cdot \text{eV} / \text{K} \bullet 500 \cdot \text{K}}\right\}$$

$$= 3.6 \times 10^{-13} \cdot \text{cm}^2 / \text{s}$$

$$D_{1000} = D_o \exp\left\{-\frac{Q}{kT}\right\} = 3.4 \times 10^{-3} \cdot \text{cm}^2 / \text{s} \bullet \exp\left\{-\frac{0.99 \cdot \text{eV}}{86.20 \times 10^{-6} \cdot \text{eV} / \text{K} \bullet 1000 \cdot \text{K}}\right\}$$

$$= 3.5 \times 10^{-8} \cdot \text{cm}^2 / \text{s}$$

$$D_{1250} = D_o \exp\left\{-\frac{Q}{kT}\right\} = 3.4 \times 10^{-3} \cdot \text{cm}^2 / \text{s} \bullet \exp\left\{-\frac{0.99 \cdot \text{eV}}{86.20 \times 10^{-6} \cdot \text{eV} / \text{K} \bullet 1250 \cdot \text{K}}\right\}$$

$$= 3.5 \times 10^{-7} \cdot \text{cm}^2 / \text{s}$$

